## Mapping and simulating the large scale structure of the universe with galaxies

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## Challenges in cosmology

#### THEORY

Successful concordance Lambda CDM model lead to the puzzle of gravity:

 "How does gravity work on large scales, i.e. larger than the solar system"

The model, via N-body simulations, predicts the BAO to be an unbiased standard ruler to <0.5% precision

**W**\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

#### **OBSERVATIONS**

CMB (1965) and SN1A (1998)

Weinberg et al. 2013 reviewed the possible observations and their biases to provided data to test models against:

- CMB, BAO, SN1A, clusters, WL

BAO measurements are based on large galaxy maps

MultiDark Galaxies

## Mapping the Universe

USING GALAXIES AS TRACERS OF THE MATTER FIELD

## BAO measurement

redshift range	Shot Noise req. $\bar{n}(k_1)$ $\bar{n}(k_2)$ $10^{-4}h^3 \text{Mpc}^{-3}$		observed density req. [deg <sup>-2</sup> ]		Sample variance area req. [deg <sup>2</sup> ]	N <sub>req</sub> [10 <sup>3</sup> redshifts]	
			for $k_1$	for $k_2$	[1Gpc3/h3]	for $k_1$	for $k_2$
[0.3, 0.6]	1.0	2.1	33	71	6188	204	440
[0.6, 0.9]	1.1	2.5	75	162	2585	194	419
[0.9, 1.2]	1.3	2.9	121	261	1615	195	421
[1.2, 1.5]	1.5	3.2	164	354	1227	201	435
[1.5, 1.8]	1.7	3.6	273	589	1041	284	613

#### Needs :

- cover the largest volume with the minimum number of accurate redshifts (<300km/s) to overcome shot noise

- <1% catastrophic redshifts (>1000 km/s) to avoid biases in the 2PCF estimation

#### Comparat et al. 2013

## SDSS-IV eBOSS survey

eBOSS will precisely measure the expansion history of the Universe throughout eighty percent of cosmic history, back to when the Universe was less than three billion years old, and improve constraints on the nature of dark energy.



### SDSS-IV eBOSS survey



## Cosmology with eBOSS

RSD







Dawson et al. 2015

## Challenge: mocks !



ELG and QSO are "new" tracers of the large scale structure:

- HOD or SHAM methods to construct mocks are currently investigated

- crucial to

\* understand measurements, their connection to theory,

\* estimate uncertainty, covariance

#### Dawson et al. 2015

## DESI (north) 4MOST (south)

Emission line galaxies and quasars as pixels for the most precise faruniverse map

2 multiplexed fiber-fed spectrographs are built :

- At Kitt Peak (USA), DESI (desi.lbl.gov)
- At Paranal (chile), 4MOST (4most.eu)

By 2025, we will have an exhaustive map of 40 000 000 galaxies and quasars covering 0.6 < z < 2.2



# Simulating the Universe

USING N BODY SIMULATIONS + MODELS

## Simulations in Planck cosmo

Box	setup parameters				-
Name	$L_{box}$	$N_{p}^{1/3}$	$\epsilon$	$M_{\mathcal{P}}$	
	$h^{-1}$ Mpc	1	$h^{-1}$ kpc	$h^{-1}M_{\odot}$	10 <sup>15</sup> 300 particles per halo
SMD	400	3,840	1.5	$9.63  imes 10^7$	
MDPL	$1,\!000$	3,840	5	$1.51  imes 10^9$	
$\operatorname{BigMD}$	2,500	3,840	10	$2.4  imes 10^{10}$	10 <sup>14</sup>
BigMDNW	2,500	3,840	10	$2.4 imes10^{10}$	
HMD	4,000	4,096	25	$9.6 imes10^{10}$	To the MD
HMDNW	4,000	4,096	25	$9.6 imes10^{10}$	≥ 10 <sup>13</sup>
DarkSkies	8,000	10,240	36.8	$3.9  imes 10^{10}$	
-	1600	$4,\!096$	18.4	$4.9 \times 10^9$	
-	800	$4,\!096$	9.2	$6.1  imes 10^8$	
-	200	2,048	4.6	$7.6 imes10^7$	De to MD
-	100	2,048	2.3	$9.5  imes 10^6$	<sup>S</sup> 10 <sup>11</sup>
Ada	62.5	1024 <sup>3</sup>	1.5	$1.94  imes 10^7$	
Bice	125	-	3	$1.55  imes 10^8$	
Cloe	250	-	6	$1.24  imes 10^9$	<sup>-</sup> 10 <sup>10</sup>
Dora	500	-	12	$9.92  imes 10^9$	De 1k <sup>3</sup>
Emma	1000	-	24	$7.94 imes10^{10}$	- 4k <sup>3</sup>
Flora	2000	-	48	$6.35  imes 10^{11}$	$10^9$ - $10k^3$
OuterRim	3,000	10,240	5	$1.9  imes 10^9$	
QContinuum	1,300	$^{8,192}$	2	$1.5  imes 10^8$	$10^5$ $10^6$ $10^7$ $10^8$ $10^9$ $10^{10}$ $10^{11}$ $10^5$
					volume [Mpc³/h <sup>-3</sup> ]

#### Comparat et al. In preparation

## Simulations and surveys



#### Comparat et al. In preparation



## SHAM-SAMS for ELGs



SHAM model: A 2 component simple model would say that "ELGs live in 10^12 halos and that 20% are satellites". SAMS approach: Some of these satellites are central with an ongoing star burst. It allows to re think the model in more physical terms and eventually add components



How accurately is the QSO population modeled in SAMS ?

Myers et al. 2015, Rodriguez-Torres et al. submitted



## Future maps, a challenge for simulation

QSO and ELG maps on the horizon 2020 and 2025 populate low mass halos and span gigantic volumes

SAMS are the key to study in depth the galaxy – halo connection and create new methods to construct simulated skies

Proof of concept using OR to mock eBOSS ELG (Gonzalez-Perez + in prep.)



Comparat et al. In preparation

## Summary

In <2 years, we will have good clustering measurements of ELG and QSO with eBOSS.

In <10 years, with DESI, 4MOST the uncertainty on the clustering will be <1%.

Simulating faithful Universes with LRG, ELG, QSO clustering correctly mimicked is well underway for eBOSS. It still is a challenge for 4MOST and DESI.

MultiDark Galaxies is a unique tool in Planck cosmology where galaxy evolution and cosmology meet :

- Creation of accurate methods to analyze galaxy clustering in full ( in particular systematics ! )
- Study the link galaxy dark matter